## Nanro (Tapa) by JinHoo Ahn

Rules: Label some cells with numbers to form a single connected group of labeled cells; no $2 \times 2$ group of cells may be fully labeled. Each bold region must contain at least one labeled cell. Each number must equal the total count of labeled cells in that region. Numbers in a gray cell indicate the length of consecutive labeled cells in its neighbors. If there is more than one number in a gray cell, then there must be at least one white (not labeled) cell between the labeled cell groups. When two numbers are orthogonally adjacent across a region boundary, the numbers must be different.


| 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | ${ }_{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 7 | 4 |  |  |  | 3 |
| 2 |  | 5 | 5 |  | 4 | 3 |
| 3 |  | ${ }_{1}$ | 5 | 5 | ${ }_{4}$ | 4 |
| 3 | 2 |  |  | 5 | 4 | 4 |
|  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 3 |
| 1 |  | 4 |  | 4 | 3 | 3 |

Example by Serkan Yürekli


Four by Four

